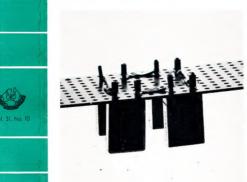
A M A T E U R R A D I O

OCTOBER 1963





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Amateur Radio, October, 1963

"AMATEUR RADIO"

OCTOBER 1963 Vol. 31, No. 10

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"AMATEUR RADIO," P.O. BOX 38, EAST MELBOURNE, C.2. VIC.

Acknowledgments will be sent following the Committee meeting on the second Montonian of the second Mon

Members of the W.L.A. should refer all encuries resolution resoluting delivery of *An* disset to their Divisional Secretary and not to their Divisional Secretary and not to the property of the property of the P.O. Box 36, East Methousine. Two months are property of the property of the

Direct subscription rate is 24/- a year, post paid, in advance. Issued monthly on the first of the month, January edition excepted.

OUR COVER

For full details of this month's cover photograph refer to Hints and Kinks on page 17.

FDITORIAL

For the past thirty-one years an unpaid voluntary committee has supervised the production of "Amateur Radio" magazine and it is fitting that in this anniversary issue all readers are more fully informed regarding their publication.

The cost of running "A.R." is borne by the Victorian Division, and in the opinion of the Publications Committee it is incorrect that any deficit is solely paid for by one Division; it is a national magazine. The question as somey paint for by one Division, it is a natural magazine. The question of finance has been highlighted by the continuing rising production costs, which threaten to use the slight financial resources of your committee. Past practice has been to utilise any excess income for improving "A.R.," but today this is impossible.

A solution is to increase, very slightly, the charge for "A.R.," but your committee consider that costs should not be increased to members or readers. Hence the problem is to improve the magazine without increasing its size, without increasing the cost of production, yet add features such as prediction charts, new valve data, new station call signs and addresses, etc. It is the considered opinion of the Publication Committee that "A.R." should have an increased technical content, but the only way new features can be added is to curtail some existing item.

As each Division publishes its own bulletin your committee considers that intrastate news and notes rightly belong in the Divisional bulletin. Accordingly "A.R." will decrease the space currently allocated for Divisional Notes, and will replace it with additional technical features.

Future issues of "A.R." will still have Divisional Notes but to a lesser extent, and these notes should be preferably of an interstate nature with a minimum of intrastate news. Fuller particulars will be sent direct to all concerned.

By making this information available to all readers it will ensure that everyone can logically discuss the matter and not blame their correspondent for omitting items they have forwarded for publication,

The cost of producing "A.R." is continuing to increase, and means have yet to be found to finance this inflating charge. The time must come when an approach will have to be made to each Division to agree to a very slight increase in the charge for "A.R.," but in the interim your committee will endeavour to continue to produce the same size of magazine each month. However it may be necessary to curtail the size of "A.R." if costs continue to rise. If it is essential to reduce the number of pages printed in any month, then all items in the magazine must of necessity be also curtailed. If you have ideas on this question of finance, it is suggested that you discuss them at your Divisional meeting.

K. M. COCKING.

on behalf of the Publications Committee.

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11

Modification of the 522 Equipment for F.M. Operation—Part One ... Improving Your Mobile Receiver Pentagrid Mixers for S.s.b. Ex-S.W. Receiver with 1.8-60 Mc. Frequency Range

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Overton	

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Youth Radio Clubs

Modification of the 522 Equipment for F.M. Operation

Part One-TRANSMITTER AND POWER SUPPLY

E. C. MANIFOLD, VK3EM

IT is not suggested that the 522 is of the same calibre as the more modern unit and the same calibre as the more modern unit at the same calibre as the same calibre a

reasons for a mobile fixed frequency net.

In an emergency, there is no doubt that all stations, fixed and mobile, operating on the one frequency in a given locality, provides communication of which all listening are aware of the situation, and very often can take action as required, at short notice where

The equipment being crystal locked on frequency, ensures that there will be no chance of mistuned equipment at a critical time during an energency, and the control of the

Single frequency operation also demands good net discipline with no long winded conversations when there are prevents one of the greatest advantages being used, that of "push to talk," so get the message over with the minimum type of operation where there are snyming up to 20 stations operating at one time, likewise a short pause should be "breek in" station. The army other "breek in" station.

"Dreak in station."

The station of the station of

There is a further bonus with f.m. that two groups of stations can be am, in that two groups of stations can work they are separated by a few miles, and the stations in each group are located fairly close to one another, local signals will override the more distant station without any heterodyne, but with a series of "birdies" in the background, which is easy to copy

• Having experienced the advantages of mobile Lm. operation with superseded models of commercial mobile Im. sets, and knowing that the availability of this equipment has been limited, and well used 322 surplus units may once again be re-vamped for this mode of operation, for use as base unit, triggered the author linto modifying the GEZ for the 1948.)

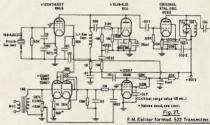
So much for why! Let's get on with

Several modifications have been done to both receiver and transmitter sections- by members of the mobile f.m. group in VK3 and while these mods. are not the only way to do the job, after much experiment and discussion The existing mechanism can be used if a d.c. supply is provided for the filaments and relays, and a push-button or selector switch for channel selection by the ratchet motor.

The recurrence of the require modifications there is number of circults provided for in the original which have no value to our application, but this can be left to the individual requirements, keeping in mind the advantages of multichannel pretuned selector operation for the fm. frequencies.

The rack at this location was entirely re-wired to suit the carphone control circuits, as the power supply and ancillary circuits (speaker, etc.) are used when the carphone is on a.c. operation and so had to be interchange-

The modifications in circuit diagram Fig. 2T are the result of the assembling of ideas, and I am indebted to many of the f.m. group for their suggestions, which have provided the basis of this arrangement.



the methods suggested are probably the most satisfactory, using as much of the original equipment as possible with a minimum of extra parts. This is also the reason for the alternative ways of modifying being presented.

The modification to the transmitter

THE TRANSMITTER

is not as extensive as the receiver section and so will be treated first. It is desirable for rapid frequency changing to preduced first. International frequency changing mechanism be retained, either as electrical or manually operated, utilising the rotating selecting inger section of the ratcher motor to select the channel, with an extension the selected channel. It will be noticed that the valves used are of the older types, mainly because some came out of the 522 and others were available. Also it was thought desirable to re-use as much as possible of the existing parts.

However, if it is desired, equivalent miniature types have been indicated on the circuit diagram.

Before starting to remove unwanted parts, locate and link up from the modulation transformer the p.a. h.t. connections together with the h.t. line from the a.f. choke, as with a number of loose ends at a later stage these are a bit hard to trace.

Having done this, check with the original circuit (Fig. 1T) and remove the a.m. audio components with the exception of the mike transformer (158) and the speech amp. valve socket.

* 287 Jasper Road, McKinnon, Vic.

Remove all resistors from the resistor strips and replace in original location, as these will be re-used to mount other components when re-asset to mount other

The gain control (1 meg.) should be removed and re-used as the receiver gain control. The receiver gain control (150K) should be substituted as the deviation control, re-wired across the mike transformer secondary.

The audio section can now be rewired as shown in Fig. 2T, when the components around the crystal oscillator have been removed.

Disconnect the crystal holders and switch from the existing 6G6G valve, but leave in position, for re-connection to the new oscillator. Remove parts numbered in the original circuit as follows: 101-1, 103, 128-1, 128-2 and 151, re-connect 102-1 between screen and as acreen hy-mass marcted to cathode) as acreen hy-mass.

The 6G6G now becomes a doubler stage only, by adding a 2,500 ohm cathode resistor and by-pass, together with 50K grid resistor and coupling condenser to the new crystal oscillator.

The original speech amp. valve is now used as the new crystal oscillator (6SS7) and is mounted on a small sub-chasis! 4"x 2", together with the frequency modulator valve (633) and associated components, in a vertical associated components, in a vertical to the components of the com

essary.

The 6SS7 is mounted on the top of the sub-chassis to provide short direct leads to the crystal holder switch, frequency modulator valve and 6G66

doubler.

All of the r.f. by-passes for the frequency modulator are mounted on the aub-chassis, but the 25 aF, audio cathode by-pass and some of the frequency correction network is mounted in the audio section under the chassis, beside the 128K7 constant voltage amplifler.

A tinulate abield from tin was fitted

A tinplate shield (jam tin) was fitted across the underside of the main chassis and connected to the resistor strip mounting brackets as a precaution against r.f. feedback from the 832 tripler to the audio section.

The audio section consists of a 68NY

as a microphone amplifier and rectifier to provide an ag.c. voltage for the grid of the constant voltage amplifier value (125K7). This is done to compensate for the different speech levels and prevent over deviation.

The main audio amplifier is the 12SK7 valve, capacitively coupled to the deviation control across the mike input transformer and fed via a frequency correction network to the grid of the 615 frequency modulating valve.

This network is intended to provide pre-emphasis characteristic suitable for communication quality speech with a variable reluctance microphone, but seems to be satisfactory for use with the average carbon mike used in most hand-sels.

Selection of the 6SN7 for the position was governed by the heater current of 0.8 amp., which allowed the 6SS7 and 6J5 heaters to be paralleled and in series with the 6SN7, and as already mentioned were available.

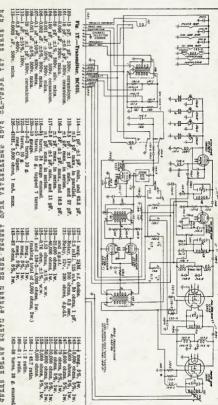


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Page 4 Amateur Radio, October, 1963 The circuit for the 6SN7 is used in the carphone using a 12AU7 and works well. However, there are other ways of achieving this end so if it is preferred a diode rectifier can be used with another af, amplifler.

Should a crystal or dynamic microphone be required for use, it will be necessary to provide additional amplification between the mike and the 125K7 c.v. amplifier valve.

A word with regard to the small, but important, coupling inductance between the crystal oscillator and frequency modulator plates. This coil requires to be untuned except by the plate capacties of the co. and f.m. valve, but is broadly tuned to be resonant at about

Several inductances were tried, from a 2.5 mH r.f. choke to the existing coil, both with and without iron and brass slugs, but the best operation was obtained with the following details.

Obtain a 7 mm. colf former, the one of the color of the c

It was thought that this system could have been used between the original 6GG and 12A6, however it was realised that there would not be sufficient drive to the 12A6 for a tripler service, and led to the present arrangement, where there is smple drive for the 12A6 and up to approximately 30 kc. deviation at 8 Mc.

When obtaining crystals for this c.o. circuit, it would be advisable to specify the frequency required with a parallel capacitance of 30 pF., due to the wire and switch capacitance being higher than the usual Ham rig.

If it were found that the crystal was a little higher in frequency, it could be loaded with parallel capacitance to lower it to the correct frequency.

This is important with f.m. net operation as any appreciable difference in frequency at the discriminator or ratio detector will make the signal sound thin and distorted, also any background QRM will be noticed coming through with the signal.

Early in the f.m. picture in VK3, trouble was experienced with crystals reputedly on the same frequency, but when checked were sufficiently different to produce these effects.

It is most likely that all will be familiar with the tuning drill of the 522 transmitter, particularly if the unit has been used on am, but in case there are some who are using it for the first time, Table I will give an idea what to expect with regard to the meter readings. The meter should be an 0-1 mA. meter and bave an internal resistance of 75 chms.

sistance of 75 ohms.

It is recommended in the G.G. book that the plate current should not exceed 75 mA, with the aerial connected for the final p.a. Original 522 equipment operated with a plate voltage of 300v.

CRYSTAL FREQUENCIES

Channel 1: 145.854 Mc. 8103 Kc. Channel 2: 146.000 Mc. 8111.4 Kc. Channel 3: 146.146 Mc. 8119.2 Kc. Channel 4: This can be your private link frequency. Hi!

TESTING

It is very desirable that any testing be done on another channel to No. 1. Alternatively, a shielded dummy load should be used on the transmitter to avoid QRM on the channel.

Since all receivers are crystal locked there is no chance of tuning off the frequency to avoid QRM caused by testing, and it has been found that QRM to obtain an approximate reading of half asturation of the limiter, if possible. Advance the deviation control until the limiter meter shows a kick downward, then reduce the control until there is just the slightest movement on speech peaks. As stated, this is a rough with another station for final setting.

with another station for final setting.

The received signal should, of course,
be clean, undistorted audio, even though
it be received at such close proximity

as your own shack.

The operation of the 6SN7 can be checked with a v.t.v.m. to see there is an a.g.c. voltage being developed at the grid of the 12SK7 under speech conditions which is necessary to ensure

st Doubler node 6G6G) Harm. Amp. 12A6	Peak Peak	1st Harm. Anode 12A6 2nd Harm. Anode	50 mA.	0.5 to 0.7 (25 to 35 mA.)	
12A6	Peak	2nd Harm Anode		0.5 to 0.7 (25 to 35 mA.)	
		832	100 mA.	0.5 to 0.7 (50 to 70 mA.)	
Harm. Amp.	Peak	P.A. Anode 832	100 mA.	0.6 to 0.75	
P.A. Anode	Dip	P.A. Anode 832	100 mA.	0.6 to 0.75	
ne All Stages	Peak	R.F. Indicator	1 mA.	0.4 to 0.8	
ne All Stages	Peak	P.A. Grids	2 mA.	Above 1 mA.	
circuit connect.					
			circuit connect.		

Table 1

takes place up to five miles away with an unshielded dummy load, with the sensitive receivers in use on the

frequency.

This particularly applies on initial tests when a new transmitter and a new operator get together.

The setting of the deviation control should be done with another station, after the r.f. section of the transmitter is working satisfactorily as there is no way of setting this control without a listening check, miless you have access to special equipment.

A rather rough guide can be obtained by separately powering the receiver and removing it from the immediate vicinity of the transmitter. Plug in a 0-1 mA. meter into the limiter grid metering socket and adjust the receiver

that the transmitter is not over deviated during normal operating. Since completing the notes on the

transmitter models that the other valvest have been dinch have been dinch have been done to the positions, with suitable alteration to connections where required, to observe if there were any critical components with regard to similar valve types. As can be noted in Fig. 2T, the 12 voit series of tubes have been added,

As can be noted in Fig. 2T, the 12 volt series of tubes have been added, again because some are common to the 522 receiver and the 12SK7s were available.

All the older values roted have been

available.
All the older valves noted have been tried and found satisfactory, the ministre types are close electrical types and silhough not tried in the 522, are used in similar positions in the carphone equipment and the same results could be expected.



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A19.

Suggested Power Supply for Modified 522 Equipment

Although it is possible that everyone will have his own ideas on the subject of nower supplies for the 522 year, a control circuit and power supply circuit are attached which may serve for the

the power supply case is used to house the external muting potentiometer, speaker volume control, speaker, and limiter grid current meter, in addition to the power supply equipment

The transmitter h.t. supply is provided from a full wave voltage doub-ling silicon diode rectifier which delivers 300v. to the transmitter under load of approximately 250 mA. Care should be taken to provide the

output filter condenser with a voltage rating of 450v, working as the no load voltage rises to this value while receiving. The receiver h.t. is obtained by using

one of the silicon diodes as a half wave rectifier, as shown in diagram.
This gives 190v. under load of approximately 80 mA, and is more than adequate for the receiver to deliver

enough audio to fill the shack and the back yard too Transmitter bias is obtained from a 130v, winding on the filament transformer, or a separate transformer if desired. A similar silicon diode, or a bridge connected, could be used in this position followed by a resistance cap-acity filter and a VR150/30 voltage regulator, to deliver -150v, to the transmitter.

Filament requirements are met by using two 6.3v. 3a. windings in series

to give the necessary 12v. for the 522 receiver and transmitter filaments. Another half wave rectifier, silicon or selenium, is used to obtain d.c. from the filament supply to provide voltage to operate the aerial/h.t. changeover relay (412) via the handset microphone "push-to-talk" switch. It will be

It will be necessary to connect a large condenser (500 µF.) across this line to earth as a filter to prevent the relay from chattering. The microphone voltage is derived

from a back bias resistor and filter in the negative h.t. lead and is supplied to the earthy end of the mike trans-former which is connected to the mike and p.t.t. switch, then to earth return.

Since the speaker is in the power supply case, and the volume control is inside the 522 case, a stepped volume control was provided across the 3-ohm speaker line in the power supply case.

Generally the audio level is fairly constant over a large range of signal input over 5 aV. but there are times that it is desirable to increase the audio output if we want to move out of the shack while listening to the f.m. broad-

This was the reason for putting the audio volume control in a more accessable place than in the top of the rack.

The original arrangement of the contacts of the aerial/h.t. changeover relay will have to be re-wired in the h.t. section to handle the two different voltages for the receiver and the transmitter as in the normal use there is only voltage (300v.) which switched to receive or transmit.

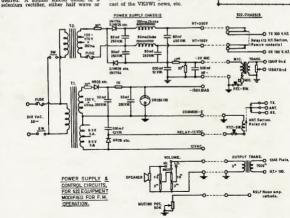
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IMPROVING YOUR MOBILE RECEIVER

ROY HARTKOPF, VK3ZOM*

SINCE I have recently been in Amateur Radio I have received not only advice but also some very useful bits of equipment from helightl Amateurs. I hope that these tigs may be the second of the second

the biggest remaining headache is that of noise. The first step was to try to oliminate noise in my own ear. The biggest single improvement it is possible to make in most cars is to put a coaxial capacitor between the make and break contacts on the distributor and the low tension connection to the coil. Unfortunately these capacitors are as carce as hear't steth. Morely con-

necting an ordinary capacitor of about 0.5 μF. from the wire to earth may not be very satisfactory.

not be very satisfactory.

In this case it is necessary to make some kind of filter. A shunt canacitor

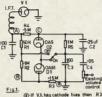
some kind of filter. A shunt capacitor about 0.1 af a small chook and are distinct and a small chook and are distinct inprovement can fiscally a first a small chook and the first and a small chook and the small chook are distinct improvement can fiscally be realized by putting all these inside a metal box and using feed through capacitors at input and output. This aimost approximates to a coaxial capacitor. The value of feedthrough capacitors should be as high a you can get.

active annual recomment of that for high tension ignition noise. The usual practice
here is to fit suppressors, but I have
effective, but far cheaper into the barpain. Many modern cars, incidentally,
en car-less onwards—check before
you buy any. This suppressor cable
en car-less onwards—check before
you buy any. This suppressor cable
the middle at all. Instead, there is a
kind of string doped with resistive
resistance of about 5,000 ohms per fool
of cable. In addition, the insulating
also helps to damp the radiation. A set
of suppressors costs from two to three
retails at 1/3 per foot and the car can
be completely rewired (it probably
trevited (it probably)

Generator hash is another source of trouble, but this and many other minor noise so, more than the source have been so frequently dealt with that they are not worth mentioning here. Look up any Handbook which deals with mobile work.

NOISE LIMITER

Having quite effectively cut down radiation from my own car, I found that the noise level was still quite intolerable, particularly on busy roads. So I set to work to make a noise limiterroom to jam anything more into the car radio receiver. So the limiter had to be something which did not require much space. The circuit shown in Fig. 1 takes very little room and is extremely effective. The only disadvantage is that the audio available at the volume control is cut to about half.



is returned to cathode.

The method of operation is this. The detector diode creates at point A a negative voltage which is varying at audio frequency (the 1.1 is by-passed voltage is all negative because the positive cycles of r.f. and anything else are all cut off by the detector diode in the control of the contr

At point C, however, the picture is quite different. Firstly, the voltage here is purely d.c. B4 and C2 act as a smoothing circuit and the voltage at C tends to rise to a value which is the average of the voltage at A, so that for half the time the voltage at A will be above the voltage at C, and for the other half of the time it will be below other half of the time it will be below

At 100 per cent. modulation the audio voltage at A will go from nothing to twice the average (which is the voltage at C). So at 100 per cent. modulation the voltage at R (which is half the voltage at A) will swing from nothing to an amount which is equal to the voltage at C.

Now at long as the voltage at B is more positive (or less negative) than the voltage at C, there will be a curmore positive to the property of the control o

of the carrier and so there is no need for manual adjustment. But as soon as any spikes come along which exceed the maximum modulation, they are cut off by the one diode and any remnant is shunted by the other.

This belt and braces method is very successful. Where previously it was difficult in heavy traffic, to read signals less than strength 8, it is now possible to read in comfort signals down to strength three and four.

The switch shown will boost the audio output and cut out the limiter when it is not needed. There is no great need for it, but it is nice to have if only to show one's friends how effective the noise limiter is.

BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR

Finally, with so many stations on single sideband a best frequency oscillator is becoming a necessity, even in later is becoming a necessity, even in comes the problem of space. The obvious answer here is a transistor. A simple and we won't go into details here. But two points are worth menioning. First there is no need to alter the control of the c



Fig. 2.

The oscillator in question was made to take 1½ mA, at 8 voits. It would work quite well down to about 2 voits age. So instead of connecting the oscillator direct to the battery, if was connected. The potentionester (previously the tone control of the car radio, now shown in Fig. 2. One side to bettery and the other to earth. The potentionest (with a slug, to 459 kc.

The remainder of the tuning is simply done by varying the voltage with the erstwhile tone control and when the bf.o. is not required the tone control is turned fully round until there is no voltage on the oscillator. there is no tuning mirrol, no space headache. The variable voltage does

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Pentagrid Mixers for S.S.B. Exciters*

HOWARD L. MORRISON, W7ESM

PENTAGRID (dive-grid) tubes such as the 68A7, 68B71, 6BB8, and 6BA7 are familiar to Hams between the first such as the f

Pennigrid tubes were designed especially for heterodyne mixing, and they called the control of t

FREQUENCY CONVERSION IN TRANSMITTERS

Once any modulated signal—a.m., m., sab, or dab.—is generated, his frequency can be changed only by the heterodyne method; that is, mixing it (fixed or variable in frequency) in a device whose coupts will be the sum or difference of the original two frementary, but it must not be considered equivalent to mixers used, for example, in audio systems, where the cutput of a prono pickup In audio mixers, but it must not be considered equivalent to mixers used, for example, and the major properties of the cutput of a prono pickup In audio mixers, the amplitude of the cutput signal is the sum of the instantianeous amplitudes crick are produced. No ever frequencies are produced.

In a heterodyne miser, the amplitude of one input signal is controlled in accordance with the instantaneous amender way of saying that it is an amplitude modulator. The modulated amplifier in an art. sig is actually a amplitude modulator. The modulated but in a man signal actually a put being not only the original carrier but new signals whose frequencies are the sum and difference of the carrier generated in the process of this kind

of mixing
A simple numerical example will show why the frequency of a modu-

The use of peniagrid mixers in home-brew a.h. exciters can, if great care is not taken, preduce a large number of spurious output signals. The author shows how these spurious signals may be eliminated.

lated signal can be changed only by the a signal can be changed only by the a signal can be compared to the change of the change

PROBLEMS WITH HETERODYNE MIXING

Though heterodyne mixing solves the problem of changing frequency differences while preserving the frequency differences while preserving the frequency differences are considered to the problems are not of the own, even with peningard mixers, unless special preparations of the problems are no countered only when the mixer output signal is at radio frequency, they cause no frequency countered to the problems are not problems. The notation of the notation are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not problems. The notation are not problems are not pro

cotput.
The first problem arises from using a mixer that requires one of the two the food acciliatory to be at least ten, and preferably more, times stronger distortion in the mixer output. (Distortion means the production of unated frequencies, as will be seen mixers and most other type tubes used for mixing except for pentagrid tubes operated as described below. Pentagrid the control of the

To illustrate, suppose that it is desired to get an ash, signal coming from a 460 Kc. filter into the middle of the 460 Kc. filter into the middle of the 160 Kc. filter into the control of the mixed with a local occulture of the filter of 79 Mc. cr 7.71 Mc. it obtain 7.25 Mc. ash But notice the difficulty in example of the filter of the

and to other only a little holp in reject.

The second problem is the production of barmonics of one or both the input here is not been also as the production of barmonics of one or both the input here is not been also as the production of the pr

HARMONIC GENERATION

A long time before even the tele-phone was invented, mathematicians had proved that any waveshape can be made up by adding together, in proper amplitude and phase, sinusoidal waves amplitude and phase, shusolosi waves whose frequencies are whole number multiples (i.e. "harmonics") of the frequency which corresponds to the rate of repetition of the original wave. In other words, any repeating wave, whatever its shape, is equivalent to the sum of a series of sinusoidal shaped waves which are harmonically related. Mathematical analysis also shows, and experiments demonstrate, that sharp corners in a wave mean many harmonics. (A theoretically perfectly square wave would have harmonics all the way to infinity.) The important thing to remember from this is that clipping a wave makes sharp corners, and therewave makes snarp corners, and there-fore clipping a wave generates many harmonics. That is why the clipped output from a 100 Kc. crystal oscillator provides signals every 100 Kc. up into the v.h.f. range for calibrating receivers.

It is also why a low-pass fifter must follow the clipper in a speech amplifier The filter removes many of the audio harmonics which would otherwise make the op's, voice sound harsh and raspy

PREVENTION OF

and broaden the signal bandwidth.

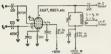
SPURIOUS SIGNALS

A diode is one of the very best clippers, and when most tubes are driven so hard that grid current flows, the

* Reprinted from "CQ," May, 1963.

Amateur Radio, October, 1963

grid_cathode circuit functions as a diade clipper. Now the operating conditions for pentagrid mixers which are found for pentagrid mixers which are found in the manusla and Amsteur Handbooks are for receiver applications, where things like conversion gain and of signal voltages on grid No. 3 are important. Consequently, high excitation on grid No. 1 is recommended, with grid current between C3S and Such operation involves clipping of the signal applied to grid No. 1, and the consequent generation of harmonics. In an able of the SSM Irropower conwhen two of the 6SA7 frequency conwhen two of the 6SA7 frequency con-verters in the high frequency section were operated with 0.5 mA, current in the grid No. 1 circuit, there were about six birdies inside the ten metre band



alone, with three of them so strong that the one corresponding to the detion of the contract of the contract

In order to find more suitable opera-In order to find more suitable opera-ting conditions for pentagrid tubes in exciter service, a test circuit using a 65A? was set up. 60-cycle and 8 Kc. 65A? was set up. 60-cycle and 8 Kc. trol grids, and an 8 Kc. tuned circuit of fairly high Q was used in the plate circuit. A cathode ray oscilloscope was connected across this tuned circuit for viewing the output waveshape. Such an arrangement allowing the other circuits of a response of the contraction of the con-traction of the con-tractio an arrangement allows one to determine not only the bias and signal voltages which cause clipping, but also any signature of the arrangement of the top control of the top care of the tube's characteristics. The scope picture produced by such a set-up will be that of an amplitude modulated signature. nal like the ones pictured in the Amatnear axe one ones pictured in the Amateur Handbooks, provided that the tuned output circuit has low impedance at 80 cycles. Clipping in the grid circuits will show up as "overmodulation on negative peaks," except when the higher frequency signal is applied to grid No. 1, and is also large in amplitude. Tests were therefore made with both input signals applied to grid No. 3 in

The testing resulted in the following conclusion: For type 6SA7 pentagrid mixer with a plate supply of 300 volts, with 100 volts on grids No. 2 and No. 4, and with a cathode bias resistor of 390 ohms, the signal applied to either grid No. 1 or to grid No. 3 should never grid No. 1 or to grid No. 3 should never exceed 2.5 volts r.m.s. (or 3.5 volts peak). Under these conditions there is no clipping, no grid No. 1 current, and very little distortion in the output. This is shown in Fig. 1.

All of the advantages of pentagrid mixers are had, and the two special problems are taken care of. Other pentagrid type tubes were not available when the above tests were made, but they all appear to be similar, to judge from their rated operating conditions in tube charte

MEASURING SIGNAL INPUT VOLTAGES

If a vacuum tube voltmeter with a If a vacuum tube voltmeter with a probe for measuring rf. rotlages is available, checking the signal voltages applied to grids No. 1 and No. 3 is easy. Remove the tube from its socket and insert the probe pin or lead into the socket hole corresponding to the desired grid. If the signal sources are tuned cirulis, these will have to be re-trimmed a little to compensate for re-unimmed a little to compensate for the difference between the interelec-trode capacity of the tube and that of the probe. Do not try to use a long wire to a v.t.v.m. having no probe. Long means anything more than three If a regular v.tv.m. is unavailable.

a simple one can be lashed up in a few minutes. A suggested circuit is shown in Fig. 2. The tube and socket can be in Fig. 2. The tube and socket can be the probe, so there are no chassis mounting problems. The grid coupling capacitor serves as the actual probe wire. The plate milliammeter can be calibrated for 2.5 volts and similar



to measure the signal voltages at the No. 1 and No. 3 grids. Also shown is a simple set-up that may be used for calibration.

values by using 60-cycle voltages from varies by using 60-cycle voltages from the heater circuit, as shown. In a simple v.t.v.m. like this, the meter "reads backwards." going down instead of up when an a.c. voltage is measured. It is not practical for measuring volt-ages more than about 8 volts, and the culturation is non linear (1-but as the concalibration is non linear (i.e. balf a given meter reading does not mean twice the a.c. voltage). However, it is suf-ficient for the job at hand, and its simplicity and economy are attrac-

TECHNICAL ARTICLES

Readers are requested to submit articles for publication in "AR," in particular constructional articles, photographs of stations and gear, together with articles suit-able for beginners, are required.

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H. F. RUCKERT, VK2AOU

THIS receiver is being described for the benefit of Radio Amateurs, self trained like the author, who still like to design and build their ow equipment, who have and can use small tools, soldering iron, multimeter and g,d.o., who wish to keep their knowl-edge in step with the developments of electronic technology, and not burden the family budget with purchase price plus hire purchase charges for com-mercial equipment. This article is for those who can build, calibrate and service their gear without a dealer's service department, and who are not worried about re-sale value when incorporating improvements.

It is hoped that this article will show the younger generation that it is pos-sible to become Radio Amateurs without first becoming capitalists to whom the price of the gear and the width of the chromium strips are a measure of status. (See "QST," March 1963, p. 37.)

To show those who still care about To show those who still care about true Amateur Radio and to myself, that we can build modern receivers, up to the standard of the art, the following receiver was designed and built using only those facilities he should have be-

fore he gets his call sign. HOW IT WAS DONE

The first receiver of any Amateur station should be one with a wide frequency range. If one has an Amateur band "only" receiver, then it is importband "only" receiver, then it is import-ant to have a second receiver to check what appears between the Amsteur bands. There are WWV and WWVH, interesting radio stations excling as guides to DX conditions, emergency stations, and by no means the least important, harmonics from your own transmitter.

The receiver the writer had for these purposes was 20 years old and modernising was best carried out by a comising was best carried out by a com-pletely new design and construction. It was, at the same time, possible to incorporate the features which make the Amateur-band "only" receiver so important.

Some of the valves had seen t.v. service, but inspection showed that they were still quite good. The Goerler turret for band switching was once donated by a friend for technical infor-mation. The HRO dial was found in the junk box together with all the resistors needed. The fixed capacitors and the trimmers are nearly all of the ceramic version. This is not surprising, as the writer's job is the development of ceramic dielectrics and their manu-facturing processes with a local manufacturer

The crystals were of surplus origin and had been waiting many years for a suitable application. The mains transformer had burnt out in another re-ceiver and was re-wound with the aid of a hand drill. Scrap metal was used for the chassis. All in all, not 1% of * 25 Berrille Road, Beverly Hills, N S.W

the price listed for this type of receiver in importers' catalogues was required to finance this home-brew project.

THE CIRCUIT

Modern mixer valves have such low noise figures that one r.f. stage is capable of bringing the signal well above the mixer noise. The pentode section of the first 6U8 works as the r.f. stage, whilst the triode section is used in the calibrator circuit increases the harmonic content substantially and the 100th harmonic is still quite strong. The aerial coupling coil is connected in such a way that symmetrical feeders can be attached.

The Goerier turret (locally available) has six ranges on easily removable strips. Each strip has three slugtuned coils with four chambers. Three chambers were used for the tuned circuit, whilst the other chamber at the cold end, where the slug is located, was occupied by the coupling or feedback coil as the case may be.



Short Wave Receiver Top xlal filter alogs, colls, padders and trimmers containing turret, three gang air capacitor, fixed cersaid capaci-tors near switch. Left side: if, strip with open Li, coll enis and associated parts under hitjer shelding cans. Bolden: power spoply character output transformer, at. Valves, 3 moter.

The 16 mm, diameter ceramic trummers are mounted alongside each coil The coil strips also hold the oscillator padder capacitors, which are low voltage polystyrene types.

With a constant C_{max} to C_{min} ratio for all ranges, it was only necessary to calculate for one range, the r.f. coil inductance, parallel trimmer capacity, the oscillator coil inductance, the parallel and series padder capacity, to obtain three-point tracking. With series or parallel capacitor padding alone, only two-point alignment would be possible per coil range.

The L and C values so obtained, a one-hour job with the slide rule, can be multiplied or divided by simple ratio figures to obtain the values for all six ranges. A graph showing #H, v. turns can be easily prepared on double log paper. Two colls are wound with the slug in a certain position having 50 and 10 turns, and a fixed close tolerance capacitor is connected in parallel with the coils. The g.d.o. tells the resonance frequency from which can be relatived the institution of the coils. calculated the inductivity of the colls. A linear graph results on double log paper.
Using three chambers, the following

Turns = ∜n "H.

The required bandspread is obtained by using five capacity ranges for each of the six coil ranges. In this way the frequency range of 1.8 to 60 Mc. can be split up in up to 30 ranges, which is necessary with a highly selective i.f.

is necessary with a nighty selective it. The three-gang air delectric capacitor covers 15 to 50 pF, and with a three-gang switch fixed ceramic capacitors of low TCc are connected in parallel, having 30 pF, 60 pF, 90 pF, and 120 pF. it is important that all fixed and variable capacitors are connected to the switch with very short leads, or series inductance will reduce their effect and the bands will no longer overlap at higher frequencies. Additive mixing via 2 pF, is employ-

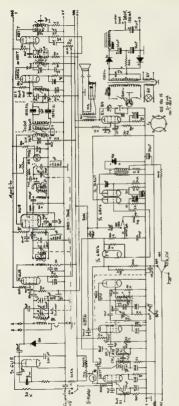
ed, which causes some pulling of the oscillator when the mixer tuned circuit is aligned. The oscillator tuning was checked with an absorption type frequency meter because it does not "lie." after the band-end frequencies had been worked out for each coil range.

The r.f. and mixer tuned circuits were pre-aligned with the gd.d. Final alignment can be earried out by using the great control of the result The r.f. and mixer tuned circuits were

This trimmer improves r.f. gain and selectivity by tuning out the reactance of the feeder and aerial, which changes considerably over the wide tuning range and from aerial to aerial.

The oscillator plate voltage is stabil-ised with the SQ150/15. The only time "take-off" is experienced occurs when the r.f. stage is tuned to the intermediate frequency, because too many stages then work on that frequency.

R.f. feedback is greatly suppressed by the shields between the coil sets per stage, which have individual earthing lugs. The turret axle too has a separate earthing lug. The rhodium plated alloy contacts gave no trouble during twelve years of service of two similar turrets in my Hand-hand receiver.



Wave

In the interest of temperature compensation, so that the drift is only in one direction, it is vital to place all the frequency determining L and C comclose together, and near warming arrive at the same temperature at the The compensation range depends on how far the oscillator

range depends on how far the oscillator coil sing has been screwed in the coil. The North Common coil sings require the coil sings require the coil sings require to the coil sings require N TCC capacitors.

To obtain sufficient image rejection with only two r.f. tuned circuits, it is necessary to use a fairly high if, of 15 to 5 Mc. Double conversion, advoby the author since 1934 in Amateur publications, would give too many birdies with the wide frequency range to be covered, so single conver-

sion was used

The selectivity required today was obtained with a crystal filter, using two fixed adjusted crystals, which had no side responses. To utilise the selectivity side responses. To utilise the selectivity offered by crystals, we must shield the if. sections of the receiver so well that they are as r.f.-tight as a good signal generator. If we have 1 mV. 1.f. at the xtal filter, and 1 μ V. (which does not seem to be much) leaks around the , we cannot suppress off reson-ignals more than -- 80 db. Inance signals more than sufficient shielding seems to be the main trouble of home constructions. how this is done in the old HRO!

The second source of trouble is the matching of the crystal or crystals to the adjacent i.f. tuned circuits. A bifilar 1.f. filter secondary winding helps to bring identical voltages of opposing phase to the crystals. Lead lengths and component layout have to be selected in such a way that symmetry is not disturbed, or trimmer capacitors are required to correct this condition. The if, coils have been wound

locally manufactured ferrite coil forms as used in transistorised receivers. The following cail inductance formula applies:

Turns = 3.7 ∜ n μH. achieve symmetry.

inductive coupling between the coils of the 1st was used. A one-turn link gives a very tight coupling, which can only be reduced by placing a large capacitor (1,000 pF. or so) or a resistor between the link coil turns. If the coupling is reduced too far, the tuning of the mixer stage plate circuit becomes critical and an increasingly deep dip between the crystal resonance shows up, which is undesirable up, which is undesirable, bifiler coil tunes with the

The bifiler coll tunes with the attached capacities close to the if. frequency of 1875 ke, but both first if. coils tune very broadly. To get the anti-resonance poles close and symmetrically placed to the resonance frequencies of the crystals, a one pF. capacitor parallel to the crystal with the higher frequency was all that was required. The fight no was hand within required. The flat top pass band within

3 db. points is about 3 kc, wide, and the poles with a frequency spacing

of Y kc. are 80 ab. down. The small side lobes are down 60 db.
Of extreme importance is the capacitive tap (or inductive transformation point if used) at the next if, tuned circuit. The desired flat top and much of the crystal selectivity is lost if the

espacitor at the hot end of the next 14, tuned circuit becomes too small. If the opposite case is used, a deep dip will be caused between the extremely sharp crystal peaks. A capacity tap compromise has to be found suitable for the frequency and type of crystal used. The third if, tuned circuit has to be tuned correctly to obtain a symmetrical if, response.

The crystal filter was separately adjusted and tested by using the g.d.o. as signel generator and a 50 µA. meter was converted with a GE diode, a resistor and two capacitors to measure r.f. Time spent at this point is well worth while.

With little r.t. gain at higher requencies, most of the amplication had to be achieved in the i.f. section. Three stages with t.v.-if. type valves like stages with t.v.-if. type valves like years and the stages of the representation of the re

4 pF. coupling capacitors give just about critical I.f. coupling by connecting the coil centre taps. The plates and about critical I.f. coupling by connecting the coil centre taps to reduce freedback, to bring the I.f. gain to the required level, to the contract taps to reduce freedback, to bring the I.f. gain to the required level, to detuning when the space charge is moved by the agr. voltage. The manual of the r.f. and the first two I.f. stages. A bridge circuit is used to operate the grid voltage of the chirá I.f. valve.

A SEES product detector, which has small coupling capacitors and low obtained and the second of the

The trunds of the 6AV6 and the 6BG5 CEL44) perform the sudio amplification. The 100K com resistor across the headphoric connections prevents a loud and adds to the suffer operation of the headphories, which are sattled with one leg. A 10 days resisted and adds to the suffer operation of the headphories, which are sattled with one leg. A 10 days resisted and the suffer of the

tains the proper load for the final.

With the simple to use and cool running silicon diodes available, a voltage
doubling power supply presents no
problems. It does not take long to wind
the 500 turns or so as secondary winding on a burnt out mains transformer.

THE LAYOUT OF PARTS

In the interest of short i.f. leads the components of the tuned circuits are all above the chassis and the r.f. and mixer valve had to be mounted below the chassis. The cool running mains transformer is also underneath, whitst all i.f. filters are on top along the rear of the chassis with the valves between

The HRQ dial is in the middle of the front panel. The turret, the fixed tuning parallel capacitors and the three-gang variable capacitors are so arranged that the shields are in line to be effective. The bfo, should be well shielded to prevent blocking of early if, stages, resulting in sensitivity reduction.

THE "HC" CAPACITORS

Much chassis space was saved, crowding around the 9-pin valve sockets prevented, and the climatic durability improved by using "HC" capacitors, locally manufactured as "Red Capa". This is available in this country for about two years.

Australia was one of the first four

countries in the world to produce these components without foreign licence or technical help. The HK type ceramic contains doping oxides, which help to retain reduction in the interior of the body when, after the reduction firing process, which makes the ceramic semi-conductive, the outside skin is re-oxidised.

effect, but these types usually have a lower insulation resistance than those of local manufacture.

TUNING DATA

The L and C values used in the i.f. section of the receiver are shown in the circuit. The r.f. and oscillator tuning data are listed in Table 1.

The twing data is calculated for a

tuning data are listed in Table 1. The tuning data is calculated for all consistency of the state of the stat



	Range	f r.f. Range Mc.	L r.L pH.	Turns	f os. Range Mc.	L 08. μH,	Turns os,	Cs Padder pF.	Os. Coil pF.
	1	1,7-3.06	51	71	3.575-4.935	88	61	165	22
	2	3.06-5.5	15.5	40	4.935-7,375	11.5	82	300	12
	3	5.5-9.87	4.7	22	7.375-11.745	3.5	17	550	6.6
	4	9.87-17.8	1.42	12	11.745-19.675	1.05	10	1000	3.6
	5	17.8-32	0.63	8 (8)	19.675-33.875	0.32	5 (7)	1800	2
	6	32-57.2	0.13	3 (4.5)	33.875-59.075	0.097	3 (3.5)	3300	1.1

Table 1.-R.f. and Oscillator Tuning Data

In the case of the 25v. type, this oxide skin, forming the dielectric, is only 0.0004 thick. A fine glaze layer of only a few millionth of an inch thickness inch the case of the case of the case of the liability of the dielectric. Silver electrodes fired on and soldered on leads are being used as in other ceramic capacitors. In fact one has here two capacitors in series in one piece with conductive centre electrod.

All by-pass and coupling capacitors with circuit voltages up to 25v. are of this type. A 0.01 ar. capacitor is about 4" diameter and these little discs did not mind a 150v. test.

not mind a 150v. test.

The name HC stands for high capacity in contrast to HK, which means high k-factor, which is a very different type of ceramic capacitor. Some countries now make HC capacitors which depend partly on the so-called barrier layer



The serial and r.f. stage coupling coils have one-quarter (range 1 and 2), one-third (range 3 and 4), and one-half (range 5 and 6) the number of turns as used for the r.f. coils of these ranges.

The oscillator feedback coils have to be so adjusted that per range at maximum capacity the oscillator still works with sufficient oscillator voltage at the mixer grid, but at the same time at minimum capacity the oscillator must not overswing and cause birdies.

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A 160-Metre Converter for 80-Metre Receivers*

Compact Fixed-Tuned Unit Covering the Lowest-Frequency Amateur Band

PHILIP E. HATFIELD, W9GFS

INSPECTION of the frequency range of some Amateur band receivers might indicate that there is no band lower in frequency than the 3.5 Mc. band. While it is true that there isn't much space at the lower frequencies, still there is considerable activity in the tiny segments of the 180 metre band shared by Amsteurs and Loran.

"UP" CONVERTER

A converter can be constructed to make these receivers operate in the 160 make the construction of the construction of the construction of the construction of the converter is over than the signals up in frequency for the SAME. Sand instead of down in fragments of the converter is lower than the signal construction of the six antiques of a low if frequency. However, a converter can be expensely the construction of the converter in the construction of the constru

The principle of converting up in frequency was used in the converter to be described. This converter was constructed to extend the frequency range of the station receiver, but it can be used with any receiver covering the 3.5 to 4 Mc. band.

A scond departure from convention in his converter is to use fixed-tuned circuits in the r.f. amplifier and mixer at the rather low frequencies involved. This would not be practical if the old 180 metre band were to be covered, but a 25-Kc. band segment can be very satirafactorily covered in this manner. (In Australia, the band is 80 Kc. wide—1800 to 1880 Kc.—Ed.)

Reprinted from "QST," January, 1962.

Several current manufactured receivers as well as a good share of home-brew jobs do not include the 160 metre band. This casilybuilt converter unit juts a much neglected part of the Ham spectrum within the tuning range of any receiver covering the 80 metre band. The physical layout of the converter insulatated was elicitated by the necessity for matching it with other plug-fine converters for the receiver. In this ment and plate voltages through an octal plug mounted on the bottom of the converter. However, almost any chassage of box can be used for the plug-fine converter. The converter is the plug-fine converter in the converter of the converter in the converter of t

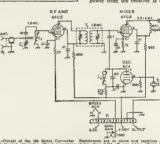


Fig. 1—Circuit of the 180 Metre Converter Resistances are in ohms and resistors are ½ watt unless indicated otherwise. Fixed expactions of lets than 0.001 pF are mices others are creamic. Decimal values of capsellations are in pF, others are in pF, except as indicated.

CI-850-1,000 pF. (approx.) compression-type frimmer.

J1-Chassis-mounting coax receptacle.
Li-Approx. 260 gEL (breadcast-band "loopstick").
L3-Approx. 8 gH. Pl-Octal chassis-mounting plug.
Rl-1,000 ohm control (in receiver .
Tl-1,500 Kc. mics-tuned i.f. transformer, 10
turns removed from accordary,

Y1—See text. TUBES

The circuit of the converter consists of an rf. amplifier, a mixer, and a crystal-controlled oscillator. Both the rf. amplifier and mixer tubes are 8FGSa. This relatively new General Electric tube is a "shadow-grid" beam pentode and has several advantages in cussion here.

The SFGS, unlike other pentodes, has additional grid placed between the control grid and the screen, and connected to the cathode. This additional enceted to the cathode. This additional cathode the place of the current and makes it practical to operate both the plate and screen at £350 volts. Use of the same voltage on plate to the plate and screen at £350 volts. Use of the same voltage on plate presented and the plate and screen capacitors required. In addition, the transcendentance of \$5,000 micromobes makes



AMERICAN "AIR DUX" AIR WOUND COILS



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CATALOGUE

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pedance in both transmitters and receivers, without ad-justment, from 10 through 80 metres. For matching 75 ohm unbalanced to 300 ohms or 75 ohms balanced. Will easily handle outputs from transmatters with power up to 750 watts if s.w.r. is held low.



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Page 16

the tube n better performer than many commonly used pentodes. While not of importance at 160 metres, the low screen-to-plate current ratio reduces partition noise and makes the 6FG5 attractive also at v.h.f.

CTRCTTET

The input circuit of the converter, patterned after the one used in the once popular R-9er, was designed to match the 50-ohm link used between the receiver and an antenna tuner; a conventional inductively coupled input circuit could just as well be used. This

able. Coverage of the two segments could also be obtained by switching trimmer capacitors across the broadcast coils. In either case, it would not be necessary to switch the crystal.

The idea of converting up in frequency may be extended to even lower frequencies than was done in this 180 ever converte. For example, over the frequencies in the vicinity of color to allow reception of the ship and countries in the frequencies in the converge of still lower frequencies is undoubtedly power frequencies is undoubtedly power.



Converter with bottom cover removed. The input-circuit trimmer capacitor is in the upp left-hand corner. L3 is to the right of the fle-point strip, upper centre. The power connect is set in the bottom cover.

could be done by winding a few turns of vire as a primary on the broadcast band "loopstick" used as the input-increase the result inducates. Interviage coupling between the r.f. amplifier and the mixer of the result in the res

CRYSTALS

Since it is very difficult to prevent signals at 3.5 to 4 Mc. from leaking through with such a converter arrange-ment, some satisfaction may be included in the satisfaction of the satisf

TWO-SEGMENT COVERAGE

If you wish to cover both segments of the 160 metre band presently available, several modifications of the converter are possible. One method would be the properties of the converter are possible. One method would be the the properties of the properties of the theory of the properties of the properties of the properties of the both colls to the desired segment of the band, here it might be necessary to remove a few turns from the encountered or remove and the properties of th

Short Wave Receiver

(Continued from Page 13)

With range 6, difficulties of this nature may be experienced. In this case it is possible to reduce the trimmer capacity further and use only the 0, 30 and 60 pF. fixed parallel capacitor ranges.

It is also possible to shift the low capacity ranges of coil range 5 so far that the frequency band up to 40 Mc. can be covered.

The coil table shows certain turn numbers in brackets. These are the calculated values. Due to lead inductance between the coils and the capacitors, the practical turn numbers had to be reduced to be able to make use again of the slug-fuming range.

One-fifth to three-quarters the tuning coil turns are required as oscillator feedback coil turns.

OTHER VERSIONS

The beginner may plan to build the complete receiver but simplify the curcuit at first. The turnet may be retrigued to the control of the curcuit at first. The turnet may be retrigued to the control of the curcuit at first. The crystal filter can also be consisted, simply by replacing the crystween coil centre tags, not using the billier wound coil. It is, of course, advisable to leave the necessary space components: technical or the omitted components inclusion of the omitted components.

The S meter may be any milliammeter with less than 2 mA. max. current.

It should not be too difficult to modify a three-gang radio capacitor to the required capacity range.

HINTS AND KINKS

H.F. CRYSTAL FILTER MOUNTING

Because of the increasing popularity of h.f. crystal filters, this month's cover shows a simple, yet effective means of mounting the crystals and the torroid.

A piece of "Zephyr" board is used to mount the four crystals which are pushed through the board. The valve lugs, taken from a cheap type of a wafer octal socket, are then pushed over the crystal pins and soldered. This provides a symmetrical low-loss type of construction. The torroid is clamped of construction the torroid is clamped to the chassis on standoff mountings.

Such a construction provides a very inexpensive, effective, mounting which is required to ensure that the signal travels through, and not around the filter.

If a shielded enclosure is used, then

adequate space should be provided around all sides so that stray capacity is kept to the minimum.

A suitable torroid is the Mullard FX1299, wound with 26 turns of biflar

28 gauge enamelled wire.
(Photograph of the unit is featured on the front cover.)

THOSE MISSING FEATURES

You probably have noticed that some monthly features of our journal are missing this issue. Unfortunately the copy for same had not arrived by the due time—hence they had to be omitted so that we could publish the magazine so that we could publish the magazine had not been seen to be seen that copy must be received at P.O. Box 58, East Melbourne, C.2, by the 8th of the month preceding publication date.

TECHNICAL ARTICLES

Readers are requested to submit articles for publication in "A.R." in particular constructional articles, photographs of stations and gear, together with articles suitable for beginners, are required.

Manuscripts should preferably be typewritten but if handwritten please double space the writing Drawings will be done by "A.R." staff.

Photographs will be returned if the sender's name and address is shown on the back of each photograph submitted.

Please address all articles to the EDITOR "AR.," P.O. BOX 36, EAST MELBOURNE, C.2.

EAST MELBOURNE, C.2, VICTORIA.



DON'T FORGET THE SIXTH JAMBOREE-ON-THE-AIR

We would like to thank those Amateurs who have signified their intention of assisting Scout Groups to take part in the Sixth Jamboree-on-the-Air during the week-end of 19th and 20th October. We remind you that this activity, which is not a Contest, begins at 1000 hours on 19th October and will continue for 48 hours.

It's aim is to help Scouts realise the to give them an opportunity to ex-change views and establish new friendships with Scouts in other States and pernaps orner countries, and to intro-duce them to the fascinating hobby of Amateur Radio. As a result of their participation in previous years, some Scouts have joined the Ham ranks and Scout Groups have set up their own Radio Clubs. perhaps other countries, and to intro-

Generally speaking, conditions in 1962 were not good owing to the sun-spot cycle, which, of course, is at present at the low point of its eleven-year span, There were sporadic openings, but these were far and few between. Nevertheless, Scouts enjoyed themselves whether they talked to the fremeselves whether they taked to the Group next door, or one a thousand miles away. It is expected that the four Scott Groups with their own Amateur Stations, VK4AH and VK4OS in Queensland, VK7BS in Tasmania, and VK3AEF in Victoria, will be in contact with each other during the Jamboree week-end

The World Scout Bureau, with headquarters in Ottaws, Canada, will operate VESWSB again, using a.m., as.b. and c.w. This station will normally be and c.w. Ins Station will normally be sending code at ten words per minute, but will gladly speed up or slow down on request for the benefit of those Scouts working towards proficiency in their signalling tests.

We are advised that the frequencies on which the World Bureau will be operating are as follows:-

80 Metres-3790 and 3850 Kc. on s.s.b.; 3780 and 3850 Kc., a.m. 40 Metres-7190 and 7290 Kc.

20 Metres-14130 and 14310 Kc., s.s.b.: 14195 and 14210 Kc., a.m. 15 Metres-21195 and 21350 Kc.

Remember that if you have Scouts in your shack, or if you are associated with the Boy Scout Movement in any way, or have been so associated in the past, you can take part in the Jamboree.

You may enter the event by calling "CQ Jamboree" or by answering a station you hear so calling.

If you require any further help or information contact your Branch Organinformation contact your Branch Organ-iser, whose address appeared on page 13 of the September issue. Victorian Amateurs may get further information by calling into the Jamboree Net on 80 metres on Thursday evenings after 2030

Log sheets have been distributed to all Groups who have signified their intention of taking part, and it would be appreciated if these could be returned through the prescribed channels to the Branch Organisers before Nov. 18, to enable a report to be compiled for the World Scout Bureau.

A SPECIAL JAMBOREE MESSAGE FROM VK3WI

Rolfe W. McKellar, Chief Commis-sioner of the Boy Scout Association, Victorian Branch, known affectionately as "Bosun" to thousands of Victorian Scouts, will broadcast a special mes-sage from VK3WI to all Victorian Scouts during the course of the 6th Jambores-on-the-Air.

An associate member of the W.I.A., An associate member of the W.I.A.,
Rosum's no stranger to Amateur
Radio. Appointed Chief Commissioner
certier this year, he took over from
Major-General R. J. J. Risson, C.B.,
C.B.E., D.S.O., E.D. Bolfe McKellar
began Scouting in 1910 in Camperdown
and has pragressed through the Movement serving in many important posts. He is the holder of several of Scoutings highest awards. During the war, Rolfe served as a Major in the R.A.E.M.E. He is a man who has devoted himself

wholeheartedly to the Scout Movement. Energetic, efficient, and most likeable, he stresses the significance of the Scout Movement as a means of developing the character of our youth.

"Bosun" will broadcast on 3.5, 7, 50 and 144 Mc. at 2000 hours on Saturday, 19th October, and we ask you to en-courage the young Scout visitors in your shack to tune in for their Chief. -L. D. Marmo, Public Relations Officer, Jambores-on-the-Air, Victoria

Jechnical Correspondence

Editor "A.R.". Dees Sir.
Permit me to resply to Exchange a state in September 1 mode in a recent strated a state most remark in a recent article "A Revok-Band, Band-awitched, Crystal-Locked Converter," "A.R.".

I ass artical be did not at least pay me the compliment of carefully reading the article because in the second column on page 31 moderning to the state of the second column on page 31 moderning the second column on page 31 moderning to the second column on page 31 moderning the second column of the second column

not think the statement was important ecough at some confusion seems to exist regarding the relation between overtices and harmonic. "Private for Educate of Sciences and Definerable," by Statistary and Statistical Confusions, and the statement of the Statistics of Sciences and Definerable, page that the statement of the Statistics of Sciences and Definerable Confusions. Or Statistics when frequency confusions, the Statistics of Sciences and to form a Barmonic series. The Statistics of Sciences and the Statistics of Sciences and the Statistics of Sciences and Sciences and Sciences and Sciences and Applications of Physics, 1979, 200, and Define Sciences and Applications of Physics, 1979, 200, and Education in Sciences and Applications of Physics, 1979, 200, and Education in Sciences and Applications of Physics, 1979, 200, and Education in Sciences and Applications of Physics, 1979, 200, and Education in Sciences and Sciences and

hy Buns.
page 304.
page 304.
"Modern University Physics, Part I," sy
"Modern University Physics, Part I," sy -A. S. Mather, VKNZ

Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir. Referring to David Rankin's (VKSQV) letter, published in the Technical Correspondence column of Sept. "A.R." I think that a lack of definition of terms could have caused con-

fueles. The price to an existence con-fueles. The price to an existence to the Car-The trystal locked converters. Apparently the author had stated that the crystal oscillator used worked on their End overtone and gove an output on a frequency supercuraining to letter, acqued that II is impossible to excite stundard out-crystals to oscillate in their Zod overtone Ende. versone mode.

When I was doing University Physics, my secturer told me that the term "overtone" recrued to any signal which had a frequency

higher or over the fundamental frequency, e.g., and the control of the control of

mass accounts for the contission. While I make no claims to the validity of either of the above conventions, I do make a plea for a definition of terms in our hobby los save words (and tempers cometimes?) when the fault lide, not in bechnical inaccuracy, but the fact that the participants of a discussion start from different points as far as terms are -John Ingham, VK5ZDZ.

Editor "A.R." Dear Mr.

I approve with Johan YASEDIZ that definition
I approve with Johan YASEDIZ that definition
in terminology for evertons operation of quartgradual. Not propose in multime for classes
was to illustrate that the contrainty seconds were
was to illustrate that the contrainty seconds or
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support, and the produced to support the "YASEI"
could be produced to support the "YASEI"
could Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir,

-David Rankin, VR3QV.

Amateur Radio, October, 1963

VK5WI Portable at John Martins

In mid July, John Martins, one of Adelaide's largest stores, asked the South Australian Division of the W.I.A. if they could install an Amateur Staif they could install an Amateur Sta-tion and display stand at their Audio Exhibition in their new auditorium. Bob Murphy, VK5ZDX, was appointed co-ordinator and offers of equipment were made by VK5KK and VK5ZDZ.

With the question of transmitters and receivers solved, stand and antennae were attacked. John Martins' display staff made up all the backdrops and notices, and gave us a free hand to use the roof area for the antennae

As multi-band operation was desired, three separate antennae were erected. These were ground planes for 6 and 2 metres and an off-centre fed dipole for 80 through 10 metres. This latter antenna was fed with 300 ohm open wire which was coupled to the coax cable with a territe core balun. The ground planes were mounted on water-pipe masts, clamped to the fourth floor lift house stairs, while the longs were was three separate antennae were erected. house stairs, while the long wire was strung between a flagpole on this lift house roof and the roof of the seventh floor lift house. The coax feeders for all antennae were run down the service well to the second floor auditorium

The transmitting and receiving gear was set up at the back of the stand. was set up at the back of the stand, which was about 20 x 15 ft. Various items of equipment were displayed in showcases around the stand and a complete closed-circuit television installation, exhibited by VK5ZEY, took up

the balance of the space.

Installation of equipment was car-ful out on drawing and August, and all out on drawing and August, and all out on drawing the season of day, the Sth. During the next two weeks 108 contacts were made from "VKSWI Portable at John Martins". Operating times were limited to 1230 and 1630 to 1730, due to the shortage of day-time operators.

The interest shown in our stand was so great that John Martins gave Doug-VK5KK permission to operate VK5Wi in the RD. Contest from the auditor-ium. As the Exhibition finished on Saturday, 17th, there was a certain amount of pandemonium after 1130 to amount of pandemonium after 1130 to get things ship-shape in time for the start of the Contest at 1730. The 2 metre dipole was pulled down and re-placed by a 15 metre dipole, which for some minutes looked likely to return to earth Some speedy guying saved the day.

The only modification to the transnitter was to install a fan to keep the final bottle cool. At 1730 S.A.S.T., VK5WI hit the R.D. Contest with a roar heard far and wide.

Doug, was the only operator and except for a short snooze between 0400 except for a short smooze between 0406 and 0500 on Sunday, operated continuously from 1730 Saturday, till 1630 Sunday, (By 1630 there were no siations left on the air that VKSWI had not contacted). Assisting Dong, with the logging were John VRSLV, Graham VKSZGW and Geoft VKSZCQ, while Dong's. YL (Beverley) kept up the nourishment with black coffee and biscuits.

At about 0700 Sunday, Beverley went into action with a fry-pan to produce bacon and eggs with mushrooms. These had the desired effect and Doug. really started to make things hum. Great was the consternation when, after sending a number in the 180s, VK6WI received one in the 290s from VK5WI. The shocked snarl had to be heard to be believed.

serted. A short pamphlet describing Amateur Radio and the W.I.A. was freely distributed, and whether any new members result or not, the favour-able publicity still made the effort worth white.

The Divisional Council thanks all those who helped to make the Exhibition a success, in particular Bob VK-5ZDX, as co-ordinator and Doug, VK-



VK5WI's Stand at the

Audio Exhibition

in Adelaide

With the score at 404 contacts, the station closed down, and when Bob VK52DX arrived at 1700, dismantling commenced. By the time the transmitter rack and the receiver had been loaded into John's 'ute and the cooking utensils, cables, sleeping bags, etc., had been forced into either John's 'ute or Doug's. car, it was 2000 Sunday and a very weary mob of R.D. Contesters left the building.

The Exhibition created considerable interest among the general public, and the front of the stand was rarely de-

5KK for the use of his transmitter and receiver and for operating them as VK5WI in the R.D. Contest.

(Note to other Divisions: VK5 is still the Division that gets things done!) -G. M. Taylor, VK5ZCQ.

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Type-2S31, similar OC45, 2N410, etc. 2SB54. OC75, 2N217, OC170, 2N1637, " 2SB74. 2SB75. OC72, 2N174, 10/- each + S.T 25% Post Free.

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Type STV-4, 400 P.I.V.

Continuous D.C. Current: Capacitive load 800 mA., resistive load 1 amp. Max. repetitive peak current 5 amps. Max. reverse current 500 μ A, at 100°C. Max. forward voltage drop at full load current 1.5 volts.

6/3 each or 70/- dozen + S.T. 25% + Pack and Post 6d.

TRANSISTOR PUSH-PULL AUDIO **AMPLIFIERS**

Five Transistors. Requires only 9v. bat. and 10K pot., and connection to a tuner, etc. Speaker required, 8 to 16 ohms V.C. £5 + S.T. 25%

+ Pack and Post 1/-.



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Australian Made SUPERIOR

Type AOD, 30 Watts, two bits supplied 3/16" and 7/16". Complete with flex and plug.

28'- each S.T.E. + Pack and Post 2/-.

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Round Metal Case, 9%" diameter x 2%" deep. Impedance 16 ohms-90 to 9.000 c p.s.

65/- each + S.T. 25%

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TRANSISTOR **RADIO TUNERS**

Requires only 9 volt battery and connection to an Audio Amplifier. Covers Australian B.C. band.

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SIGNAL GENERATORS LEADER-Combines Quality with Low Price

LSG₁₀

Frequency Range: 120 Kc. to 260 Mc. (six bands) and Calibrated Harmonics 120 to 260 Mc.

R.F. Output: Over 100,000 Microvolts. R.F. Control: Variable with two taps.

Modulation Frequency: 400 c.p.s. A.F. Output: 2-3 Volts. A.F. Input: Approximately 4 Volts. Valves Used: one 12BH7 and one 6AR5.

Size: 66" x 10" x 46". Weight 6 lbs. Price £12/16/- + S.T. 12\frac{1}{4}%

Pack and Post: Victoria 5/-, Other States 7/6.

LSG11

Frequency Range: 120 Kc. to 130 Mc. (fundamental).

Calibrated Harmonics: 120 to 390 Mc.

R.F. Output: 0 to 100,000 uV. (adjustable). Mod. Freq.: 400 and 1,000 c.p.s. (adjustable). Crystal Oscillator: 1 Mc. to 16 Mc. (Crystal not supplied).

Valves Used: One 12BH7 and one 6AR5. Size: 7½" x 11" x 4½". Weight 6 lbs.

Price £15/-/- + S.T. 121% Pack and Post: Victoria 5/-, Other States 7/6.



- TRADE ALSO SUPPLIED
- OPEN SAT MORNING Please include postage or

freight with all orders. Amateur Radio, October, 1963 D X

VP4. OA4. BV. ZM7. 7G1. FP. AC5. MP4. ZC6. TY2

Sub Editor: ALAN SHAWSMITH, VK4SS (Phone 4-6326, 7 a.m.-4 p.m.) 32 Whynot Street, West End, Brisbane, Qld ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE FOR THIS PAGE DIRECT TO THE SUB EDITOR

Conditions at the time of writing this have not improved as much as hoped, with the com-ing of Spring. However, there is always the odd rare prefix audible, to hold the interest 21 Mn is predicted to produce good skip sig-nuls this Summer.

NOTES AND NEWS

JZOHW from Sentam, West Irlan, is active, evenings and mornings, on 14030 Ke. (It is not acceptable for D X.C.C. status, since the creation of Indonesian country of West Irlan.) Montserrat: VPINI is active on 20 mx s.s.b. Also supposed to be on c.w. QSLs go to KSONV ONV land Island, OK5VD/0 is reported about

14021 Kc. c w. Amsterdam Island FB8ZZ is active again on 14030 Ke., 1130-12002 QSL via Box 587. Tennarive, Malagasy Republic.

Bt. Helens, ZDTBW is now QRV and reported worked on 20 mx s.s.b. Bahrain Island: Ias MP4BBW is back sgain and active on 20 mx s.s.b., but with weak signals due to antenna problem, which he hopes

solve shortly Caps Verde Islands. CR4: The HBSTL s.s.b. rig will stop off in CR4 land for a session by CRTCI, en route from CT1 to CR7. Anguilla: Rumours of two DX-peditions here this fall, possibly to coincide with the "CQ" DX Contests. No details yet. VP2KF7A cards

DA Comessa Taland: Due on now as JAIBRECT.
Third is small taland 500 miles north of the
Bonins. It will not count as a new one for
DXCC.

DXCC.
Abudhabi MPsTAD can be reached with abon 14 Mc. Reard 576 about 14309. Abudhabi counts as Trucial Oman for D.X.C. C. Vo8es, Ref and Barvey are going by boat to the Voge and Kure Muria in December.
Zaser Island: Advance Information has it that WAZEMB and possibly WAZUUV will W.I.A. D.X.C.C.

Listed below are the highest twelve members in each section. New members members in each section. New m and those whose totals have smended will also be shown.

Call

VK2JZ VK4RW

Call

VIDERU

VK3HZ VK3RX VK3YD

WKTTI.

Call

VK3EG VK3NC

VK3J/

Cer. C'nt-

Cer. C'nt-No. ries

344

204 192

Cer C'nt-

288 VKSWL VKSATN VK4HR 211

282 275

311 VKIGB Amendment: VK3TL 62 115

> 296 VKJRP 56 15

Cer. C'nt-Call

C.W. Car C'nt-

OPEN

Call

VKSRU VKSMK VKSAB

Call

VK3KB

VK3CX VK4FJ

VKIQL VKZAGH 247

VK2ACX VK6RU

VK2AGH VK3AHO 280 VK3BZ VK3WL

VK4FJ VK6MB

VK3AHO VK4FJ

go to Easter Island in mid or late January for 7-10 days with 100v, 75A4 and possibly a KWM-1 Active on low end of 20 mx

by several stations KCSKR is active from the Western Carolines. KCSBO in Palsu is also QRV on both 7 and 14 Mr. c.w low end. Also 3.5 Mr. 1992 and 21 Mc 6300z.

TUSAU will be active for two years QTH Abidian. QSL to Embany, Abidgan, Ivory Coast. Mode, s.s.b., 14 Mc.

Operation is expected again from The Kure Murie Is. The VSS boys are planning another expedition late Sept. or early October Carriacou Is: VP2CC will not count as a new country. QSL, Box 8088. Filint 6. Michigan. TI2FH is a regular on 31 Mc. around 09002:

As I write this word has come to hand that gase has reached Christmos Is. Indian Ocean Unofficially this is Hammurhand equipment, so soon things should be humming from this rare DY corresponding to the control of the DX purposefully enough to satisfy the hounds. (Much of the above by courtesy K4IIF, Ed.

Ken YKNTL says conditions poor, but weak-oft beset is Mic. c.w., ACA4, HIKDP, HC-IDC, EAMGZ, XERFL, XIEGP and Europeans, 46 mar. cw.: ACAA, DURRP, Best QRIL for the months of the property of the con-test of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the con-cept of the condition of the con-cept of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of the condition of the condition of the con-test of the condition of Ken VK3TL

VK2QL reports condit Frank VKIGL Peports conditions very quest but QSO'd these on e.w. 14 Mc. ACSA'A, APSJA, VKODR (Xmss Is.), JAIBRK/JA, KPSAZ, 7 Mc.: VPIMM, ACSA'A, FUSAG, CPSEZ, TIPZ, QSLs reed, were HISKH, CPSCN, VQBBT, ZLAFF, ZLIABZ, FSTZC/J, VPINT, ZSIXR, HSBFB, VQBET, UFEFB, and

Other contributors to "Activities" report bands so dull there is little worth listing. No report from Eric, BERSISS this month, so conditions must be poor.

ADDRESSES

ABDERSSES
VPPCC C-Via WSEWS (WSJWD),
HSSMNN-Via WASDAT,
HSSMNN-Via WASDAT,
APAAR-Via WSGWT,
ZBIBX Via WSCTN,
VRACU-Henry Radio, 11940 Olympic Bivd.,
Asta Markette, Angele 84, Calif.

PXIIK-Via USKA

The A.R.R.L. has announced the new country criteries, as promised. It is now lougher than ever, and may make VQGBPA from Agalegas every copy of the new criteria will be in this bolletta. Also please note the new A.R.R.L. address. It is 225 Main St. Newingfam II, Connecticut. In 225 Main St. Newingfam II, Connecticut. In 225 Main St. Newingfam II, Connecticut. In the control of t The A.R.R.L. has announced the new country

The A.R.R.L. Listing is as follows:-

- Government Administration. An area by reason of government, or a distinctively sep-arate administration, constitutes a separate country.
 - Separation By Water: An island, or a group of islands, not having its own government or distinctively separate administration, is considered as a separate entity under the following conditions:
 - following commission.

 a. Islands situated off shore from their governing or administrative area, must be geogrophically separated by a minimum of 225 miles of open water. This point is telegated and shore from

the mainland only. This point is not con-cerned with islands which are part of an island group, or are geographically located adjacent to an island group.

- acjacent to an island group, or which are geographically located ad-ajecent to an island, or island group, which have a common government or adminis-tration, will be considered as separate entities, provided there is at least 500 males of open water esparation between the two areas in question.
- the two arose in quertion.

 1. Separation By Forsian Land. In the case of a separate party of the control of the country in question, by a mindrum of 18 question by a mindrum of 18 question by a mindrum of the country in question, by a mindrum of 18 sidered as two separate entities. This 38 miles of land as a requirement which is miles of land as a requirement which is a mindrum of 18 to mindrum requirements concerned with the same as made up of a chain of bindra there are as made up of a chain of bindra there is no mindrum requirement concerned with is no minimum requirement of the separation by foreign land.

(The above, by courtesy of Joe WASTGY, Editor N.C.D.X.C.)

A club brought into being to perpetuate Annatour Radio's highest endeavour, is the months of the perpetuate and the perpetuate and the perpetuate and the perpetuate and the people of the earth through announg all the people of the earth through announg the people of the earth through announced the people of the earth through announced the people of the peopl 75. A) VK488.

HARBROS

TRANSISTOR POWER SUPPLIES

- * Any voltage to 1,000v. d.c. 400 mA.
- * Fully shielded and filtered.
- * Encapsulated Toroidal Transformers, Chokes, Transistors, etc.
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Phone 95

Amateur Radio, October, 1963

Correspondence

VOUTE RADIO CLUBS

Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir,
I read Al Rechner's comments on the Youth
Radio Club with, as far as possible, a neutral
attitude, however I feel that some further comment could be made. Whilst in complete sgreement that ed

White in complete streement that detection is most important, in our good clean holdy to be a supported by the complete street, and the complete s In the meantime, I can only convey my good rishes and congratulations to the W.I.A. for self interest in the work, and trust it will

-Don Grantley, WIA-L2022.

Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir Editor "A.R." Dear Sir,

Al Rechart, in his latter to the Editor in

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Al Rechart, in his latter to the Editor in

Find of the companion of the training of youth in

Findio after some years in the organisation of

Position to make observations but from a

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All the correspond pretty well with those resched

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All the contractions are a second was about y Al. Firstly, about a year ago a count was taken t the members of the Radio Club of the

University of Adelaide and it was found that the subject failure rate of the members was about twice that of non-members who were

about twice that of non-members who were doing the same course.

When I was going through high school I was not a member of any club but my experience with my hobby during that time, and sabac-quently, lead me to two conclusions:

pally, lead me to two conclusions:

Ham Radio in definitely a distraction to
the student, he method of thinking that
and although the method of thinking that
the constraint of the more clementary science subjects
(inter physics and chemistry), the more
advanced student with a "Ham fix" is
at a zerious disadvantage.

Dealing with them one at a time. Most Hams like to tinker with some little project and I found that although my station may be t found that asmough my station may be nod working order, I would always be ding of little improvements, a noise limiter. thinking of little improvements, a noise limiter, a g.d.o., etc., as well as the obvious tempta-tion of leaving the studies for a hand opening. One solution to this is what Alf VKSLA (now B. Tech. Electronics) did which was to disable and receiver during box and forget it! transmitter and receiver during term time, pack B in a box and forget bil. This is not really the answer as everybody needs relaxation some time and I think you will agree Ham Radio provides this for young and old. B probably bolis down to a matter of will-power. I do not know if it is a coincidence, but all the highly intelligent stucoincidence, but all the highly intelligent su-dems I know seem to be able to switch their minds on and off as far as radio is concerned and really concentrate on studies when re-quired. It's a lifty of the studies of the switching over more and probably do less of RI. To the second point. This is more directed to the studiest who is going on to higher swatting even more and probably do less of To the second point. This is more dire to the student who is going on to his studies. Nearly every science subject can split into two parts—qualitative and quan-tive. Ham Radio and the elementary sche coblette are installed wealthful and tive. Ham Radio and the elementary science subjects are mainly qualitative. Certificity. Thus a last wise becomes interest. Certificity. Thus a last wise becomes interest account possession of the certificity of the certif because he gets note a certain way of thinking. But as he proceeds the subjects get more quantitative or mathematical until they become virtually applied mathematics and so the student with a "Ham fix" will have to adjust himself radically if he is to have any chance of success. My suggestion then, if we must have youth radio training, is to raise the standard of elec-

tronics taught from the word go. For example it is impossible to understand impedance with out a knowledge of complex numbers, which is not taught until Leaving Honours. And yo

is not sugget until Lasving Resours. And yet subjects like complex collection and calculas subjects like complex collection and calculas subjects like complex collection and calculas subjects and calculated the subject of the subject is subject to the subject of the subject o in section is as opposed to radio) can be given, it can be better controlled as well a setting the stage for higher study, and providing a solid foundation for the lad who take a special interest and decides to make radio

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I have had personal contact with the above

Editor "A.R." Deer Sir.

Editor "A.R." Deer Bar.

All Rechner (VESCOTI) is undespitefly correct
in one of the points ("A.R." Bart).—that the
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BRIGHT STAR CRYSTALS FOR ACCURACY, STABILITY, ACTIVITY

AND OUTPUT Our Crystals cover all types and frequencies in common use and include overtone, plated and vacuum mounted. Holders include the following: DC11, FT243, HC-6U, CRA, B7G, Octal, HC-18U THE FOLLOWING FISHING-BOAT PREQUEN-CIES ARE AVAILABLE IN FT243 HOLDERS:-

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Commercial—0.02% £3/12/6, 0.01% £3/15/6, pins 12½% Sales Tax.

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Sub Editor: J. M. (Mac) HILLIARD, WIA-L3074 57 Gardenia Street, Blackburn, Victoria ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE FOR THIS PAGE DIRECT TO THE SUR EDITOR

Several years ago we had two awards approved by Council, but so far we have need heard if anyons has gained one of these awards. Of course the DXCC award at the moment would only be available to the go the several several to refresh your minds, and to inform our new members, the two owards are our new members, the two awards are:

The D.X.C.C while is awarded on confirmation of having GSLs from 100 countries on

D.X.C.C requirement, that is, all cands must
show the following details Date, time, band

The Meser All VK, sward requirements are:

The Heard All VK, sward requirements are:

WK ores. WK to VKO, say VKB and any
VKO ares.

Well now who is going to be first to take off the HAV.K. award? These awards were de-signed to encourage you in our hobby and de-lope that it won't be too long before we see some of these awards going off. some of these awards going off.
Well another R.D. Contest has come and
gone. And it will be interesting to hear how
you all fared in it. My spiles tall me that
several young members were at their receivers
for almost the whole 24 hours. Bet there were
some sleepy heads by Sunday night. Still as
long as you had a good time that's the main

Diese note that the main that's the main DX-tr please note that TXD is the new call for Algaria. And 67 is now Jamaica. STLAM is settler from Sudan on a.b. at 1411 KC. CEAB is now active from Easter liland and the operates around 1600 KC Seven Hame in the course of th

VICTORIA

The actuals meeting of the Group was hadded by Fore will have to wait until next ments as to the react of the selection of these-basers are to the react of the selection of these-basers are considered by the selection of the selection of the selection of the SLD. Compared to the selection of the SLD. Compared to the selection of the SLD Compared to the selection of th

hills time for Diffug these days, due to shading will be self-in the state of the self-in the self-in

NEW BOUTH WALES

NEW BOUTH WALES
Our old buddy, Chas L2211, has recensily
completed the pre-amp, that he has had his
even on for a while. We will be habrested
to hear of your results Chas. At the moment,
on the bands. But is expecting that the old
interest will liven up again as the warmer
weather comes around. I bet that once the

Mc. hand livers up again, that you disk released street will more more be at the below the street of the control of the contro

his QTN, as he is a long way from head-quarters.

I have received from Holland a bookler entitled "A Lot Depends On Your Aerial." It consists of eight pages of very interesting in-formation for those in doubt on the subject. Write to Technical Dept., Radio Netherlands. Boxz 222. Hülversom, Holland, if you would Write to Te Bex 222, H

DV TARRER

Countries Zns. 5.s.b. W Grantley Westpott 20 98 43 52 M Hilliard M. Cox
P. Drew
C. Aberneathy
N. Harrison
I. Thomas
O. Earl
D. Coggins

One of the dalwards of Poet Piris (it); a South Aostmain called on ma, VMSEQ. her Holstebon, and we apent a very pleasant evening. The organisation of the VRC affairs in Port Piris is obviously kep shaft and the re-tuport of all the schools in town and they even look after one Peen young man marconed 100 miles sawn in the outback.

156 miles away in the outback.

Ken Matchetri's excellent Newsletter No. 2
(VRG) to hand. This is one of the Division sectivities that links VR.C. together and encounter that the property of augment your school studies, not hinder them."
Additions to the club list in VK3 are (club leaders in brackets): Caristian Bros. Jandoras (Br. R. Williamsi); Greythorn High. Blandoras (Br. R. Williamsi); Greythorn High. Blandoras (Br. R. Williamsi); Greythorn Glar, Brackets, Blandoras (Br. R. Kvergti); Greikeng Grammarz, Coris (Br. R. Madderer); Kornin-burra High, Dir. W Milles); and Beaslia Tech. belgif Another thought! I can't possibly imaging so many earment techera helping hops to develop sensething which could harm their

Chab News: Secretary Chris Dole, of Collingwood Tech, reports Batt the club meets every Monday between 330 p.m. and 43 p.m., Junkom under him Ander March 130 p.m. and 43 p.m., Junkom under him Ander Miller and the Barry States and the Second year mere enhanced circumstance of the Collingwood of th Club News: Secretary Chris Dolg, of Collins

Now comes a paregraph I would have put at the beginning, except that it might sound like trumpels blowing. Anyway, Fm already proud of the fine ability shown by George Brandowski (VKLGB), still a pupil at Lyucham High, who passed A.O.C.P. fully at 18 years I month. Now we have received the

YOUTH RADIO CLUBS

wonderful news that another pupil at Lyne-ham, Roger Davis, has fully passed A.O.C.P. and will soon be VKIRD. Roger was aged 15 years 3 months when he passed. He goes on the air about the time you receive this copy, as plesse answer his CQ and help him along. He is restricting activity until sfer his yearty

some atternooux.

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Rendom sower from near and far. Can any.

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and father sees the value of this fine hobby Help wanted at Meadowbank High (Sydney) where there is another anxious group but no qualified teacher... Culculart Central School (N.S.W.) has registered, fortunately, with two teachers who are raido addicts. However, there is the usual urgent call for components and magazinex... TS. Ken VRIKM



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DYNAMIC MICROPHONE Model 603



Output: -- 50 db.

Response: 50-12,000 c.p.s. Impedance: 50,000 ohm, 250 ohm or 60 ohm,

Dimensions overall: 40 x 40 x 98 mm. (1-9/16" x 1-9/16" x 3-13/16").

Accessories: Table base.

Model 603 is a Dynamic Microphone ideal for music, speech and particularly magnetic recording. Can be used on stand or on a small table base.

Smart square shaped aluminium pressure cast case with stainless steel wire mesh.

Sturdily built and beautifully finished. Impedance can be easily stepped down from high (50,000 ohm) to low (60 or 250 ohm) impedance

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FEDERAL AND DIVISIONAL MONTHLY NEWS REPORTS

(SEND CORRESPONDENCE DIRECT TO DIVISIONAL REPORTER NAMED AT PARA. END)

NEW SOUTH WALES

HUNTER BRANCH At the Sept meeting of the Branch, held in the University College, two visiting lecturers Iniversity College, two visiting lecturers Gosford, Major 2RU and Lindsay 20N. the University Calling, two visiting incurred to the third of the flow of the

continuous chairs a term to the members of the members present and at the conclusion of the meeting I as 870, was carried by accimation. It was pleasing to see in the suddence two five presents and at the conclusion of the medical presents of the suddence two five presents of the suddence two five presents of the suddence two five presents of the suddence two fives and the suddence that the suddence the suddence that the s

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BLUE MOUNTAINS

FIELD DAY

will be held on 27th OCTOBER, 1963

at the Swimming Pool, Lawson

W.I.A. N.S.W. DIVISION South Western Zone

ELEVENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION

at NARRANDERA 5th and 6th OCTOBER, '63

Hotel, Motel and Caravan Park accommodation available.

The usual field events will be held and a good time is assured for all. For bookings, contact-Frank Pearson, VK2ACQ, 42 Frederica St., Narrandera.

reverse, at the time being desired by some rearrange servers. But a large price of the property of the control of the control

next do-il-youned night because it really is a fine piece of work, at been well of lack. Heart years are not seen to be a seen will of lack. Heart years to be the set during the R.D. Contest and is sending in a lack Good work Hearty, and I hope the health continues to Hearty, and I hope the health continues to Hearty, and I hope the health continues to the set of the set phone. And I suppose that even though there are not supposed to the phone of the ph

— SILENT KEY —

It is with deep regret that we record the passing of:-

VK3GG-E, L. ("Bon") Guest. VK3JK-J. K. (Jim) Herd.

BLUE MOUNTAINS SECTION

The AUCH MODIFICATION SECTION?

The August motivity meeting was held at the Lewmon Crancil Classification of Friday, 18th. The August motivation of Friday, 18th. The August meeting of the August Modification of

of the CTRL Stope year XUL is before very soon, Hermi (Gr. Claus) has been kaving he share of treshies with his a.s.h. tr. It appears as though he is putting double deficient distinct the strength of the share of

he has not been able to gut as much time on the air as the would like too. Have not heard anything of Ray Watts. He was to have ast for the A.O.I.C.P. exem., but as yet I have for the A.O.I.C.P. exem., but as yet I have with the noise. Possible Ken has the same loss as I have, there are no rations on a rax. does not be the control of the world. The was back in this part of the world. The was back in the part of the world. The venue for this duel was Springwood 13, 22NS.

VICTORIA JULY COUNCIL MEETING

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W.I.A. N.S.W. DIVISION Hunter Branch TWELFTH ANNUAL

CONVENTION to be held

4th, 5th and 6th OCTOBER Friday 4th at Newcastle Univer-

sity College, 8 p.m., competition night.

Saturday 5th at Esplanade Hotel, Telford St., Newcastle, 7 p.m., Annual Dinner. Sunday 6th at Marmong Point,

Lake Macquarie, Field Day. For full details read Hunter Branch notes and the September Buletin Book now with Hon. Sec., G. Sutherland, 15 Marine View, New-castle, or Pierce Healy, 69 Taylor

St., Bankstown. Convention: £1/5/0 per person, Field Day only: 10/- per family ticket.



overseas, has been designed and developed to facilitate the fastest and most efficient soldering of standard and miniaturised radio and electronic equipment.

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AUGUST GENERAL MEETING

much for the affairs of Council, present, this ma

him in future in me other way. NORTH EASTERN ZONE

me, apart from a gre

MIDLAND ZONE Despite the shaemor of notes in the past two mass of "A.R." there is still some activities at the Middland Zone. Members please note and I have at last made my appearance on my with 8 to 8 wetts. I will, however, be a with 8 to 8 wetts. I will, weeks. Our with 8 to 8 wetts.

CHOOSE THE BEST-IT COSTS NO MORE



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Page 26

Monday night hook-ups on 30 mx sie fairly well represented from Swan Hill, Emore, Kyneton, Bendigo and Castiemaine with zone members operating portable in Methourne. Representation from other areas would be welcome, to what about it fellows on Monday

welcome, so what shoult it follows on Mondeys vertically from the control of the

OUFENSLAND

QUEENSLAND
The Bunkhes But Content winer, with 48 points, we All \$4.7, who was closely followed points were All \$4.7, who was closely followed points with the points of t

with the cold better in the charge at the charge and the South and we look the charge at the charge

TOWNSVILLE AND DISTRICT

It was pleasing to read in "A.R." just to hand that the Cinderella or Sunshine State has ocquired a new Sub-Editor. It is to be hoped that he reigns long and is not deterred with the spectre of the him pencil.

Things over the gast smath have been very come in the make sensential offer the taud had died down from the R.D. Contest. It was pleasing to note that some of the charps had taking the points into account, Queensland should aris taken than last year. Also maked and taking the points into account, Queensland should aris taken than last year. Also maked taking the points into account, Queensland and taking the points into account, Queensland taking the points are taken to account of the points of the taken taken to be a sense of the points of the taken taken taken to be a sense of the points of the taken ta

ways residy and able to help out at any time. Frank ALX had deposed in televie and now had been been as the second of the second out of th

Committed that then as my loder carefully compiled those.

Just met Allan 48E, who is bury packing up on transfer to the hig mode. He will be sailly not transfer to the hig mode. He will be sailly him to come around and help out anyone who was having a bit of strile in Keeping on the siz. Could always be ruited upon to stand by size that the high standard him to be supported to the size of the high standard him to be supported to the him to be supported to the high standard him to be supported to the him to be sup

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

The monthly general meeting of the VK3 Division was held this month as usual in the clubrooms to a very representative gathering of 82 members, which for interstate consumpor at memoers, which for interstate cons-tion I announce the figures were audite that well known firm of Ananias-Ananias that well known firm of Ananias-Ananias and Ananias, and took the form of a disolay of Ananias, and cook the form of a disolay of Quite a representative collection of goar was displayed and explained by the exhibitor, and as the coulement, both transmitting and fertias, as the coulement, both transmitting and fertias, Bob 22DX for his firm mobile tx and con-tended to the collection of the collection of Edmonds for his c.r.o., which, as he proudly preciaimed, was midel from plenty of hits and

pieces. Nies work gentlemen.

Other equipment dispalyed, not necessarily
for locking, included a tape deck by Geeft
TYTE, Keith SKII with a mobile transcrive.

THE ACT OF THE STATE OF THE took the floor like a veferan and gave a de-scription of his rix which would have put to shape many a member present, three times and the state of the state of the state of the state of this is an example of the present day student. then we have nothing to fear for Anasteur Raids in the stuters, practically or men, and thank you for making the night so interesting. Such "Back" to you, stitus World Roy also there is to you stitus the meeting, and in a clar with Marshall little starting

talking to an old-timer in Marshall Hider during the meeting, and in a chat with Marshall later, he said he felt quite at home after all these years, but did not know more than a handful of the members present. I told him not to worty about that, I attend almost all the meetings and don't know half the members to get lost and all the visitors had to stand up and ansounce themselves. Imagine the fright

I ger wither I heard one of them stand up and any "My name is Concept Grower." British and the standard of the mean stitutes as possible on the day and was the Carpial Brock gars are full formation of the Carpial Brock gars are suggested of the boys, possibly in Foundation of the Carpial Brock gars and the Carpial Brock

New worth fours, we shirtly you.

Another retirement from the Councel is Cliev. Another retirement from the Councel is Cliev. Another retirement from the Councel is cliev. The counce with host doine strictle; work for the Driver, the benefit of the councer of t

above renaing an ear at the general meetings. Don STM is re-broadcasting the SWI Sunday morning session on 180 mx and it is putting a solid strength 3 throughout the Adelaide area. It is on an experimental basis at present and reports would be appreciated from listaners for sheld with the object of relating any reports to the 40 waits input being used. to the 46 watts input being used.

The new Technical Committee for VKS was launched recently and big things are expected of this body. Naturally its role is an important of the committee of the

in such with the Committee, don't be foo proud or too sky, who knows, you might stump or proud or too sky, who knows, you might stump of the stand o

It the other flates through High Schools, may have yet the controlled benderic at the adopted benderic and the adopted benderic at the adopted benderic at the adopted by the controlled the members to the adopted the following controlled the members to the red of the feeler controlled the members to the red of the feeler controlled the feel bankhook home! You was ge, you.

Berts, George.

Well, I can see the red pencil poised in the
graceful and artistic fingers of Ye Ed., so I
had better take the hint, after all he might
make me make way for F.K., just like he said.

palsy, waity, 73, de SPS (FanBy to you).

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WESTERN AUSTRALIA

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however!

One sharply tuned device which is giving trouble is that beam of \$U.R. Lance is till having problems. Soon he'll have noncone to talk over his problems with as Lance's XYL hand's affairs. How shoot getting the XYL to take a note or two for the "A.R." col. Lance? Women are so good at that sort of

Lenson Wessen are as good at that nort of There's no death should it, propelle get to There's no death should it. Propelle get to the control of the control

TASMANIA

As our IRAMANIA.

A glass down away werking ret up should be take the same and the s ting us hear you on 'the six more regularly? A very successful auction was held at the conclusion of the August meeting and many everybody is getting general up for the Hamels early in November, to be held in the Cambell-town area. Get that mobile gear out and area of the control of the con arrise power and the transmission of the last show will resember what a grand the last show will resember what a grand of the last show will resember what a grand of the last show will resember what it is a state of the last show the last s

NORTH WESTERN ZONE And don't forget the I.T.U. Fund. The re-sponse so far has been poor. I'm sure we all realize just how vital is the need for a repre-sentative at the Conference. IZ, IZZBE.

HAMADS

Minimum 5/-, for thirty words. Extra words, 2d, each.

Advertissments under this heading will only be accepted from Institute Members who desire to accept the members who desire to the state of the state

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FOR SALE: HT37 Hallicrafter s.s.b. and a.m. and c.w. Transmitter, all bands 10/15/20/40 and 80 metres, top notch condition, unmodified, table top unit with in-built power supply, pur-chased new, £240. VK2AAK, P.O. Box 1, Kulnura, N.S.W.

FOR SALE: Swan S.s.b. Transceiver, Model SW-140, 40 metre band, used but perfect condition, no power supply, £140. Arie Bles, VK2AVA, 33 Plateau Rd., Springwood, N.S.W.

SELL: Heath Mohawk Receiver, 160-10 & 11, 6 & 2 conv. s.s.b., c.w., and am. SB10 Apache, 200w. s.s.b., 150w. am., fan cooled. J. Mullins, 31 14th Avenue, Kadron, Qld. Phone 59-2268. Less than half price.

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CORRECTION

It is regretted that in VK2AVA's advert last issue the price of the linear amplifler was incorrect. It should have read £75.





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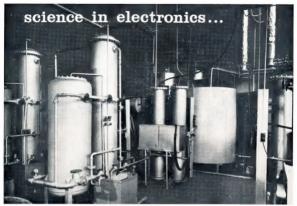
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Amateur Radio, October, 1963



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